

Which Success for T_EX as an Old Program?

Jean-Michel Hufflen

GulT

31 October 2020

Teaching L^AT_EX

T_EX & L^AT_EX, Yesterday and Today

Teaching Computer Science Students

More Ready for Next Time

Theoretically... Practically...

Conclusion

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Separation of *form* and *substance*.

Separation of *form* and *substance*.

Typesetting system suitable for *large* documents.

Separation of *form* and *substance*.

Typesetting system suitable for *large* documents.

Resubmitting an article.

Teaching L^AT_EX

Separation of *form* and *substance*.

Typesetting system suitable for *large* documents.

Resubmitting an article.

Markup language.

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Separation of *form* and *substance*.

Typesetting system suitable for *large* documents.

Resubmitting an article.

Markup language.

Included into some *curricula* \Leftarrow GUIT 2019.

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T_EX, the Program — L^AT_EX, the Format

- ▶ T_EX's 1st version \Leftarrow 1978.

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- ▶ L^AT_EX 2 _{ϵ} \Leftarrow 1994.

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- ▶ T_EX's 1st version \Leftarrow 1978.
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- ▶ L^AT_EX 3 \Rightarrow intended to replace L^AT_EX 2 _{ϵ} .

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- ▶ T_EX's 1st version \Leftarrow 1978.
- ▶ L^AT_EX 2 _{ϵ} \Leftarrow 1994.
- ▶ L^AT_EX 3 \Rightarrow intended to replace L^AT_EX 2 _{ϵ} .

Another format \Leftarrow ConT_EXt (come out *ca* 1990).

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Good

Still widespread \Leftarrow very long lifetime.

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Has incorporated modern requirements, e.g.:

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- ▶ i18n,

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- ▶ i18n,
- ▶ new schemes for font management.

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Has incorporated modern requirements, e.g.:

- ▶ i18n,
- ▶ new schemes for font management.

Much synergy among users, especially if you are interested in writing new commands.

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Still widespread \iff very long lifetime.

Has incorporated modern requirements, e.g.:

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- ▶ new schemes for font management.

Much synergy among users, especially if you are interested in writing new commands.

\LaTeX 3 \implies better for such a task,

Good

Still widespread \iff very long lifetime.

Has incorporated modern requirements, e.g.:

- ▶ i18n,
- ▶ new schemes for font management.

Much synergy among users, especially if you are interested in writing new commands.

\LaTeX 3 \implies better for such a task, but not finished yet.

Less Good

TEX's implementation:

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T_EX's implementation:

- ▶ very old-fashioned language (based on Pascal)

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T_EX's implementation:

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- ▶ monolithic program

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$\text{T}_{\text{E}}\text{X}$'s implementation:

- ▶ very old-fashioned language (based on Pascal)
- ▶ monolithic program
- ▶ no one but D. Knuth can change it!

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(\LaTeX)T_EX's commands implemented by *macros*:

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T_EX's implementation:

- ▶ very old-fashioned language (based on Pascal)
- ▶ monolithic program
- ▶ no one but D. Knuth can change it!

(L^A)T_EX's commands implemented by *macros*:

f(2019 + 1)

m(2019 + 1)

Computer Science is...

... *a science!*

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Computer Science is...

... a science! \Leftarrow *Techniques and methods*, but also some *History*.

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Computer Science is...

... *a science!* \iff *Techniques and methods*, but also some *History*.

But many students do not perceive this point.

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'Modern' languages \Leftarrow reserved words.

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'Modern' languages \Leftarrow reserved words.
Lexical + syntactical analysis

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'Modern' languages \Leftarrow reserved words.

Lexical + syntactical analysis \Rightarrow result in *trees*.

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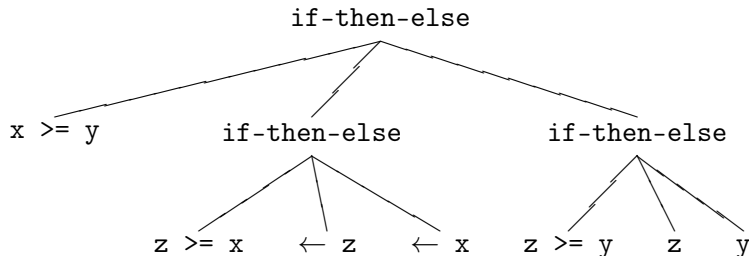
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'Modern' languages \Leftarrow reserved words.

Lexical + syntactical analysis \Rightarrow result in *trees*.



No reserved keyword in the present sense.

No reserved keyword in the present sense.
One analyser:

No reserved keyword in the present sense.
One analyser:

Typing `\frac{1}{2}` with `\LaTeX` is easy!

No reserved keyword in the present sense.

One analyser:

Typing `\frac12` with `\LaTeX` is easy!

Dynamic search for `'\fi'` associated with `'\if...'` (show).

Efficiency questions

$\mathcal{N}\mathcal{T}\mathcal{S}$ vs TEX .

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Efficiency questions

$\mathcal{N}\mathcal{T}\mathcal{S}$ vs TEX .
short commands vs *long* ones.

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One run... and after that

Cross references (compare with ConT_EXt's `texexec` command).

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One run... and after that

Cross references (compare with ConT \E Xt's `texexec` command).

Overfull boxes caused by wrong hyphenation.

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One run... and after that

Cross references (compare with ConT E Xt's `texexec` command).

Overfull boxes caused by wrong hyphenation.

Marginal notes.

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Cross references (compare with ConT_EXt's `texexec` command).

Overfull boxes caused by wrong hyphenation.

Marginal notes.

Working on final and irrevocable versions \Leftarrow commands such as `\sloppy`, `\newpage`, and some commands originating from the microtype package.

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In theory

\LaTeX 's end-users should not use constructs from *Plain T_EX*.

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\LaTeX 's end-users should not use constructs from *Plain T_EX*.
`\newcommand` instead of `\def`, `ifthen` package, etc.

In theory

\LaTeX 's end-users should not use constructs from *Plain T \E X*.
`\newcommand` instead of `\def`, `ifthen` package, etc.
 \LaTeX 3

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\LaTeX 's services are added to \TeX 's, without hiding the latter.

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In practice

L^AT_EX's services are added to T_EX's, without hiding the latter.
Example \Leftarrow conventions for the `\input` command.

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In practice

L^AT_EX's services are added to T_EX's, without hiding the latter.

Example \Leftarrow conventions for the `\input` command.

'`$$...$$`' vs '`\[...\]`'.

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In practice

L^AT_EX's services are added to T_EX's, without hiding the latter.

Example \Leftarrow conventions for the `\input` command.

'`$$...$$`' vs '`\[...\]`'.

Some commands—e.g., `\xspace`—are not guaranteed 100%.

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What is sure

In my university, many students in Computer Science typeset documents using \LaTeX , even if they do not have to.

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(\LaTeX) \TeX 's language is a good example for a *simple* and *specialised* language for *simple* commands.
Alternative conventions, even if they are quite obsolete.

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We can teach \LaTeX as an unrivalled type setting system whereas we can express that \TeX is a kind of *legacy program*. It should be able to provide new services because of some powerful features such as $\text{Lua}\TeX$ and \LaTeX 3.

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We can teach \LaTeX as an unrivalled type setting system whereas we can express that \TeX is a kind of *legacy program*. It should be able to provide new services because of some powerful features such as $\text{Lua}\TeX$ and \LaTeX 3. Its qualities supersede its defects. The latter are in connection with implementation \implies Computer Science students. They can learn from these weaknesses.

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